

Attorney Docket No. 06620-026001
Appl. No. 09/771,146
Amdt. dated July 24, 2003
Reply to Office action dated February 25, 2003

Listing of claims:

Claim 1. (previously presented): A system, comprising:
an endoscope section, having an image receiving portion at
an area thereof, which image receiving portion receives an
optical image, and transmits the optical image to another
portion thereof;

a sleeve assembly, sized to cover said endoscope section
and extending along an axis, and having an optical element which
includes a mirror which forms a fixed angle relative to an axis
of said sleeve assembly and further comprising an additional
sleeve assembly with an additional mirror that forms a
different fixed angle relative to the axis of said sleeve
assembly which changes a direction of light coming from an
outside said sleeve assembly, and directs light to said image
receiving portion of said endoscope section from the area
outside said sleeve assembly.

Claims 2-7 (canceled)

Claim 8 (previously presented): A system as in claim 1,
further comprising a plurality of additional sleeve assemblies,
each having a different mirror angle, forming a set.

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Claim 9 (original): A system as in claim 1, further comprising a rotatable connection between said sleeve assembly and said endoscope section, wherein said sleeve assembly can be rotated relative to said endoscope section to adjust an orientation of an image being acquired.

Claim 10 (original): A system as in claim 9, further comprising an orientation part, which is viewable from an outside of said sleeve assembly, and which indicates an orientation of rotation of said sleeve assembly.

Claim 11 (original): A system as in claim 9, wherein said rotatable connection includes an O-ring.

Claim 12 (original): A system as in claim 1, wherein an outer surface of said endoscope section is smaller than an inner surface of said sleeve assembly, defining a cavity between said endoscope section and said sleeve assembly.

Claim 13 (previously presented): A system as in claim 12, further comprising spacing elements, located in said cavity, and holding said endoscope section at a specified orientation within said cavity.

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Claim 14 (original): A system as in claim 12, further comprising a connection to said cavity.

Claim 15 (original): The system as in claim 14, further comprising a fluid source, connected to supply fluid to said cavity through said connection.

Claim 16 (original): A system as in claim 12, wherein an outlet of said cavity opens near said optical element.

Claim 17 (original): A system as in claim 15, wherein an outlet of said cavity opens near said optical element, and is located such that fluid supplied to said cavity is also supplied to said optical element.

Claim 18 (original): A system as in claim 1, further comprising a video element, operating based on video from said endoscope section.

Claim 19 (original): A system as in claim 18, wherein said optical element includes a mirror, and said video element

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electronically mirror-inverts at least a portion of an image obtained from said endoscope section.

Claim 20 (original): A system as in claim 18, further comprising an extension cable, coupled at one end to said endoscope section and at another end to said video element.

Claim 21 (original): A system as in claim 18, further comprising an illumination part, coupled to provide illumination to an area of imaging.

Claim 22 (original): A system as in claim 18, wherein said video element also includes an image processing system which selectively rotates said image.

Claim 23 (original): A system as in claim 18, wherein said video element also includes a dual display part, which simultaneously allows displaying multiple images.

Claim 24 (original): The system as in claim 23, wherein said multiple images are images obtained at different times.

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Claim 25 (original): The system as in claim 23, wherein said multiple images are images obtained simultaneously.

Claim 26 (original): A system as in claim 23, further comprising a text generator, which produces a textual display indicative of parameters being sensed.

Claim 27 (original): A system as in claim 1, wherein said endoscope section is formed of an optical waveguide.

Claim 28 (original): A system as in claim 1, wherein said endoscope section is formed of an electrical cable, and a camera receiving optical information near said image receiving portion of said endoscope.

Claim 29 (original): A system as in claim 27, wherein said optical waveguide includes an optical fiber.

Claim 30 (original): A system as in claim 1, wherein said endoscope section has a substantially rounded end.

Claim 31 (previously presented): A system as in claim 1, wherein said endoscope section has a substantially flat end.

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Claim 32 (original): A system as in claim 20, wherein said endoscope section is formed of an optical waveguide.

Claim 33 (original): A system as in claim 32, further comprising a connector part, connecting between said endoscope section and said extension cable.

Claim 34 (original): A system as in claim 33, wherein said connector part has inner surfaces which align said endoscope section with said extension cable.

Claim 35 (original): A system as in claim 34, wherein said sheath has an expanded area in the vicinity of said connector part, with inner surfaces which are sized to accept said connector part.

Claim 36 (original): A system as in claim 35, wherein said sheath is rotatable relative to said connector part.

Claim 37 (original): A system as in claim 1, further comprising a first window portion defined in said sleeve assembly.

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Claim 38. (previously presented) A system as in claim 37, wherein said sleeve assembly is formed of an optically non-clear material, and said window is formed to allow light to pass through said window portion in said sleeve assembly.

Claim 39 (original): A system as in claim 37, wherein said optical element is configured to reflect light to substantially an entire part of said endoscope section.

Claim 40 (original): A system as in claim 37, wherein said optical element is configured to reflect light to only a portion of said endoscope section.

Claim 41 (original): A system as in claim 40, further comprising a second window portion, formed in a different area than said first window portion.

Claim 42 (original): A system as in claim 41, wherein incoming light from said first window portion is coupled to said optical element, and incoming light from said second window portion is not coupled to said optical element.

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Claim 43 (original): A system as in claim 42, wherein said optical element includes a mirror, and said second window portion is formed in an area which is axially adjacent said endoscope section, and incoming light from said second window portion is coupled directly to said second window section without being reflected by said mirror.

Claim 44 (original): A system as in claim 42, further comprising displaying images from both said first window portion and said second window portion.

Claim 45 (original): A system as in claim 42, wherein said optical element includes a mirror, and further comprising an image processor that mirror-inverts said images from said first window portion, but does not mirror-invert said images from said second window portion.

Claim 46 (original): A system as in claim 45, further comprising displaying simultaneously the images from the first window portion and from said second window portion.

Claim 47 (original): A system as in claim 1, further comprising a surgical tool, coupled to said sheath.

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Claim 48 (original): A system as in claim 47, wherein said tool includes a forceps.

Claim 49 (original): A system as in claim 1, further comprising an illumination element, providing illumination to an area being imaged.

Claim 50 (original): A system as in claim 49, wherein said illumination element comprises an optical waveguide.

Claim 51 (original): The system as in claim 49, wherein said sheath is formed of optically transparent material with reflective coatings, and said illumination is coupled to said optically transparent material.

Claim 52 (original): A system as in claim 51, further comprising an opening in the reflective coatings in an area of the area being imaged.

Claim 53 (original): A system as in claim 52, wherein said opening is an annular opening.

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Claim 54 (canceled)

Claim 55 (previously presented): An assembly, comprising:
an endoscope part, having a first portion adapted to receive optical energy, and a second portion adapted to supply information indicative of the optical energy;

a first sheath, extending generally along an axis, and having an inner surface which is sized to be larger than an outer surface of said endoscope part, and located around said endoscope part, said sheath having an optical window located in a location which forms a predetermined fixed non-zero degree angle with said axis, and having an optical portion located to change a direction of incoming optical energy from said optical window to the direction of said axis; and

an assembly wherein said optical element is a mirror that forms a first fixed angle relative to said axis, to thereby reflect optical energy from a specified viewing area to said optical axis, further comprising at least one additional sheath, having a mirror which forms a fixed angle which is different than said first fixed angle, and which can be used with said endoscope part.

Claims 56-60 (canceled)

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Claim 61 (original): An assembly as in claim 55, further comprising a cavity formed in said sheath, said cavity receiving irrigation fluid.

Claim 62 (original): An assembly as in claim 61, wherein said cavity includes an opening near said optical element, such that said irrigation fluid washes across a surface of said optical element.

Claim 63 (original): An assembly as in claim 55, wherein said endoscope part includes an optical waveguide.

Claim 64 (original): An assembly as in claim 55, wherein said endoscope part includes a camera, and an electrical wire receiving electrical signals from said camera.

Claim 65 (original): An assembly as in claim 55, further comprising a video section, receiving said information indicative of the optical energy.

Claim 66 (original): An assembly as in claim 65, wherein said video section includes an image processor which processes information indicative of the optical energy as an image.

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Claim 67 (original): An assembly as in claim 66, wherein said optical element is an element that inverts an image, and said image processor includes an image inversion element which inverts said image.

Claim 68 (original): An assembly as in claim 55, wherein said optical element couples said incoming optical energy to only a portion of said endoscope part.

Claim 69 (original): An assembly as in claim 68, wherein another portion of said endoscope part receives incoming optical energy indicative of another view.

Claim 70 (previously presented): An assembly as in claim 55, further comprising means for illuminating an area of viewing.

Claim 71 (original): An assembly as in claim 70, wherein said sheath is formed of optically transparent materials, and said illuminating comprises illuminating said area via said optically transparent materials.

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Claim 72 (previously presented): A method, comprising:
obtaining an optical image using an endoscope; and
mirror inverting at least a portion of said image, further
comprising varying an angle from which said optical image is
obtained wherein said varying comprises using a different mirror
in a different fixed location to obtain said optical image from
a different angle.

Claims 73-75 (canceled)

Claim 76 (original): A method as in claim 72, wherein said
mirror inverting comprises inverting an entire optical image.

Claim 77 (original): A method as in claim 72, further
comprising obtaining another optical image using the endoscope,
and wherein said mirror inverting comprises inverting only said
optical image, and not said another optical image.

Claim 78 (original): A method as in claim 72, wherein said
obtaining comprises obtaining optical energy indicative of an
image, and using an optical waveguide to couple said optical
image.

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Claim 79 (original): A method as in claim 72, wherein said obtaining comprises using a camera in said endoscope to obtain electrical energy indicative of an image, and using an electrical line to couple said electrical energy indicative of said image.

Claim 80 (original): A method as in claim 72, wherein said obtaining comprises obtaining a view from an angle relative to an axis of said endoscope, and using a mirror to reflect said view in a direction of said axis.

Claim 81 (original): A method as in claim 80, wherein said mirror reflects said image in a way that covers an entire active area of said endoscope.

Claim 82 (original): A method as in claim 80, wherein said mirror reflects said image in a way that covers only a part of an entire active area of said endoscope.

Claim 83 (original): A method as in claim 82, further comprising obtaining another image using the active area of said endoscope other than said part of said active area.

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Claim 84 (original): A method as in claim 83 wherein said endoscope includes an optical fiber, and said mirror reflects said image to only a portion of said optical fiber.

Claim 85 (original): A method as in claim 72, further comprising providing illumination for a view obtained by said endoscope.

Claim 86 (original): A method as in claim 72, further comprising allowing rotation of an area of imaging.

Claims 87-99 (canceled)

Claim 100 (previously presented) A method, comprising:
using an endoscope to obtain an optical image from a body cavity of a patient; and
varying an angle from which said optical image is obtained wherein said varying comprises using a different mirror in a different fixed location to obtain said optical image from a different angle.

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Claim 101 (original): A method as in claim 99, further comprising varying an angle relative to an axis of said endoscope, from which said optical image is obtained.

Claims 102-104 (canceled)

Claim 105 (original): A method as in claim 100, wherein said optical image is obtained in the form of optical energy, and is guided on a light waveguide in said endoscope.

Claim 106 (original): A method as in claim 105, wherein said light waveguide is a fiber-optic cable.

Claim 107 (original): A method as in claim 100, wherein said optical image is obtained in the form of electrical energy, and is guided on an electrical cable in said endoscope.

Claim 108 (original): A method, comprising:
first obtaining a first image from a first position in a body cavity; and
second obtaining, using the same device as used to obtain said first image, and simultaneously in time to receiving said

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first image, a second image from a second position in the same body cavity.

Claim 109 (original): A method as in claim 108, further comprising image processing said first image and said second image.

Claim 110 (original): A method as in claim 109, wherein said image processing comprises image processing said first image in a different way than image processing in said second image.

Claim 111 (original): A method as in claim 110, wherein said image processing in said first image includes mirror-inverting said first image, and said image processing in said second image does not include mirror-inverting said second image.

Claim 112 (original): A method as in claim 108, wherein said first and second obtaining comprises obtaining an image from the first position and applying the image from the first position to a first portion of an image acquisition element, and said second obtaining comprises obtaining the image from the

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second position, and applying this image from the second position to a second portion of the image acquisition element, different than the first portion of the image acquisition element.

Claim 113 (original): A method as in claim 112, where the image acquisition element includes a light waveguide.

Claim 114 (original): A method as in claim 112, where the image acquisition element includes an electronic camera.

Claims 115-120 (canceled)

Claim 121 (original): An endoscope, comprising:
a scope portion, having a first window adapted to acquire an image of a first viewing area from a first direction, and a second window adapted to acquire an image of a second viewing area from a second direction, different than said first direction; and

an image element, simultaneously acquiring said images from said first and second viewing areas.

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Claim 122 (original): An endoscope as in claim 121,
wherein said image element includes an optical waveguide.

Claim 123 (original): An endoscope as in claim 121,
wherein said image element includes an electrical camera.

Claim 124 (original): An endoscope as in claim 121,
further comprising a direction changing element which changes an
angle of said image from said first direction.

Claim 125 (original): An endoscope as in claim 124,
wherein said direction changing element includes a movable
element which changes a direction of a light path.

Claim 126 (original): An endoscope as in claim 124, wherein
said direction changing element includes a hinged portion
coupled to said scope portion.

Claim 127 (original): An endoscope as in claim 124,
wherein said scope portion includes a mirror at a fixed angle,
and said direction changing element includes a separate portion
of said scope portion which includes a mirror at a different
fixed angle.

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Claim 128 (original): An endoscope as in claim 121, further comprising an image processor, which image processes said image of said first viewing area in a different way than image processing of said image of said second viewing area.

Claim 129 (original): An endoscope as in claim 128, wherein said different way comprises inverting said image of said first viewing area.

Claim 130 (previously presented) An apparatus comprising: an endoscope portion including an optical coupling element and a sheath covering said optical coupling element; and an image processing element, receiving an image from said optical coupling element, and processing said image to invert at least a portion of said image.

Claim 131 (original) An apparatus as in claim 130, wherein said image processing element also selectively rotates said image.

Claim 132 (original): An apparatus as in claim 130, wherein said image processing element also adds text to said image, said text indicative of conditions of imaging.

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Claim 133 (original): An apparatus as in claim 130,
wherein said sheath includes an optical element which changes
an angle of incidence of incoming light.

Claim 134 (original): A method, comprising:
using an optical endoscope with a sheath to obtain an image
from a specified nonzero angle of incidence relative to said
endoscope; and
changing a sheath to use a different another sheath that
images from a different angle of incidence, and then using said
optical endoscope to obtain a second image from a second
specified nonzero angle of incidence.

Claim 135 (previously presented) A method as in claim 134,
further comprising illuminating said image using a same optical
path as is used for said imaging, to illuminate said image at
any angle of incidence being currently used.

Claim 136 (original): An endoscope, comprising:
an optical receiving element, and
an optical endoscope system obtaining an image of a
specified area, and coupling said image to only a portion of
said optical receiving element, a rest of said optical receiving

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element being used for a purpose other than obtaining said image of said specified area.

Claim 137 (original): An endoscope as in claim 136, wherein said purpose is for obtaining another image, different than said image of said specified area.